

SRS 121.3

Three-Phase Electronic System Reference Standard, Class 0.05



The SRS 121.3 three-phase, electronic system reference standard has been especially developed for use with meter test systems.

The SRS 121.3 electronic system reference standard is a precision measurement unit for all AC values that are used in the measurement of energy. The wide measurement range, high precision and excellent immunity to interference are the outstanding features of this instrument. It is the ideal measuring unit for verification of electricity meters in the test area.

This reference standard is operated completely via the RS 232C serial line interface.

Key features of the SRS 121.3

- · Three-phase reference standard
- Precision measurement unit for AC values in the frequency range of 45 to 65 Hz
- Simultaneous availability of the measured values over the RS 232C serial line interface
- Test of two, three and four-wire meters
- · Integrated measurement connection mode switching

- Easy operation due to the use of processor technology
- Operation verification with error indication
- Integrated RS 232C serial line interface for data transmission and programmed operation using an external computer
- Current and voltage ranges: 30 V to 480 V, 1 mA to 120 A

Other characteristics

Measurements are carried out in the four quadrants. They are valid for all AC operational modes, including measurement of the power factor and the phase angle. Reactive power measurements may be made either in the natural or artificial connection mode. The measurement system uses the analogue/digital converter principle.

The operation and processing of the measured values is carried out using special operation commands from a personal computer. The internal, automatic, range selection may be switched off, and in this case the load point range is directly selected by the PC

Technical data SRS 121.3

Mains supply voltage: 86...260 V, 47...65 Hz
Power consumption: maximum 50 VA
Housing: 19" plug-in unit, 3 HE
Dimension: W 483 x H 133 x T 342 [mm]

Weight: approx. 7 kg

Variation Due to the $\leq 0.005 \%$ at 10 % variation

Influence of Mains Supply on the Measuring Variable:

Ambient temperature: 0 °C ... + 50 °C

Temperature coefficient: $\leq 0.0025 \% / \%$ 0 % ... 45%

45 ... 65 Hz

≤ 0.0050 % / °C 45 °C ... 50 °C

Frequency range of

the measurement

value:

Influence of external ≤ 0.05 % / mT

fields:

Current measurement (I)

Current range: 1 mA ... 120 A

Internal ranges: 1 mA ... 7.5 mA α =16000

7.5 mA ... 30 mA α = 4000 30 mA ... 120 mA α = 1000 120 mA ... 480 mA α = 250 480 mA ... 1.875 A α = 64 1.875 A ... 7.5 A α = 16

7.5 A ... 30 A α = 4 30 A ... 120 A α = 1

Display range: 0.00100 A ... 120.000 A

Error: $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ 7.5 mA ... 120 A

of the measured value

 $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ 1 mA ... 7.5 mA of the measurement range's final

value

Time base: 1 (0.1 ... 9999) s

Voltage measurement (U)

Voltage range: 30 V ... 480 V

Display range: 30.000 ... 480.000 V

Error: $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ of the measured

value

Time base: 1 (0.1... 9999) s

Power measurement (P, Q, S)

Active power P: $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ 7.5 mA ... 120 A

of the measured value *

 $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ 1 mA ... 7.5 mA of the measurement range's final

value *

Reactive power Q: $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ 7.5 mA ... 120 A

of the measured value *

 $E \le \pm \ 0.05 \%$ 1 mA ... 7.5 mA of the measurement range's final

value *

Apparent power S: $E \le \pm 0.05 \%$ 7.5 mA ... 120 A

of the measured value

 $E \leq \pm~0.05~\%$ 1~mA~...~7.5~mA of the measurement range's final

value

* in relation to the apparent po-

wer

Display range: 6-digit for each measuring

point

Energy measurement (W)

Connections and errors as under power measurement

Error Calculation (F)

Constant Range: 1 ... 1'000'000 lmp./kWh

(kvarh, kVAh) and 1 ... 1'000'000 lmp./Ws

(vars, VAs)

Display Range: -100.000% ... 999.999%

Pulse Input (TK)

Input level: 5 ... 12 V
Input frequency: max. 200 kHz

Input supply: 11.5 ... 12.5 V (I < 60 mA)

Frequency Output (fo)

Base constant: $\Sigma C_P = 625 \text{ Imp./Wh}$

Output frequency: $f_o = \frac{\sum P \cdot \sum C_P \cdot \alpha \cdot \beta}{3600}$

 $\alpha,\ \beta$ The factors of the highest current and voltage range reached are to be substituted

here.

Pulse Ratio: 1:1

Safety Requirements

CE-certified

Isolation protection: EN 61010-1
Degree of protection: IP-20

Storage Temperature: $-20 ... + 55 ^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity: $\leq 85\%$ at Ta $\leq 21 ^{\circ}$ C Relative humidity $\leq 95\%$ at Ta $\leq 25 ^{\circ}$ C

at 30 days/year

spread: